



ARABIC CRASH COURSE

Welcome Atfal, the class will begin shortly. In the meantime, kindly do the following:

1. Rename yourself so that we can unmute you and know who we are talking to
2. Get hold of a pen and paper to take notes
3. Have parents around to help you with the technical

Lesson 6: 7-10 age group



**Would anyone like to
share what we learned
last lesson?**





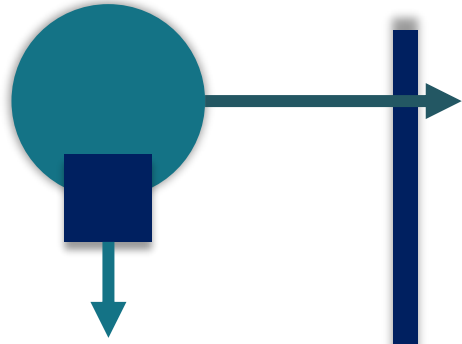
LEARNING SECTION

Quick recap



How to say the following in Arabic:

- “How old are you?”
- “I am ... years old”
- “And you?”
- “Who...”
- “Is ...”
- Numbers from 1 - 20



Prepositions

English	Transliteration	Arabic
Under	Tahta	تَحْتَ
Above	Fawka	فَوْقَ
Between	Baina	بَيْنَ
On	'alaa	عَلَى
In front of	Amaama	أَمَامَ
Behind	Khalfa / Waraa'a	خَلْفَ، وَرَاءَ
Next to	Bijaanibi	بِجَانِبِ
Inside	Daakhil	دَاخِلِ
Below	Asfal	أَسْفَلَ
To	Ilaa	إِلَى
With	Ma'aa	مَعَ
From	Min	مِنْ
In	Fee	فِي

- Let's do some examples now!

Prepositions and Nouns

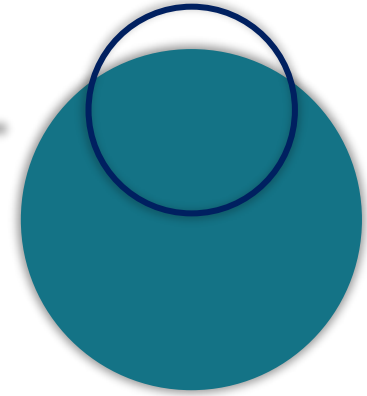
Prepositions are used to describe the position of a noun. Prepositions “act” on nouns.

If we cast our memory back to the early lessons, there are two types of nouns:

1. Definite
2. Indefinite

(Can you remember what the differences are?)

The prepositions **change** the noun depending on whether it is definite or indefinite. Let's see what the differences are.



Indefinite

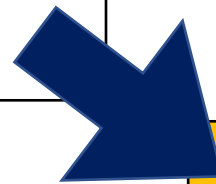
Let's look at indefinite nouns first

1. The Tanwin َ (-un sound) has been dropped
2. Replaced with ِ -in sound
3. After the addition of a preposition the indefinite noun becomes "Indefinite Majrur" (مجرور)
4. What does "Majrur" mean?
5. When the end of the noun takes a Tanween or Kasrah depending on, if it is Indefinite or definite.

Let's look at some examples!

Examples

English	Arabic
A Book	كِتَابٌ
A Tree	شَجَرَةٌ
A Car	سَيَّارَةٌ



English	Arabic
In a book	فِي كِتَابٍ
On a tree	عَلَى شَجَرَةٍ
Under a car	تَحْتَ سَيَّارَةٍ

Definite

Let's look at definite nouns now

1. The (ُ Damma ضمة) at the end of the definite noun is dropped
2. Replaced with a (ِ -ii sound (Kasra)
3. The ال of the definite noun is not dropped
4. After the addition of a preposition the definite noun becomes “definite Majrur” (مجرور)
5. What does “Majrur” mean?
6. When the end of the noun takes a Tanween or Kasrah depending on, if it is Indefinite or definite.

Let's look at some examples!

Examples

English	Arabic
The Book	الْكِتَابُ
The Tree	الشَّجَرَةُ
The Car	السَّيَّارَةُ



English	Arabic
In the book	فِي الْكِتَابِ
On the tree	عَلَى الشَّجَرَةِ
Under the car	تَحْتَ السَّيَّارَةِ

Challenge

Want a challenge?

List all the nouns you know in Arabic.

Categories them as masculine or feminine

Write down both of their forms – definite and indefinite

Use prepositions on them

SEND US YOUR WORK AND VIDEOS SO THAT WE CAN SHARE THEM ON OUR INSTGRAM

Homework

1. Recap what we have learnt today
2. All these slides are available on the Atfal website: [Atfal.org.uk/talim-learn-arabic](https://atfal.org.uk/talim-learn-arabic)
3. **Try the “Challenge” section – Send us your work**
4. Test your writing skills: Write a few Arabic words on paper for practice
5. Learn 5 new Arabic words and write them down in your notebook



Send us your feedback:
[Email: talim@atfal.org.uk](mailto:talim@atfal.org.uk)
Instagram: @atfal_talimUK

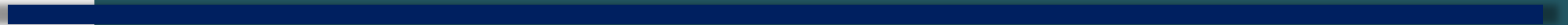
Announcements

1. Answer any questions by the Atfal
2. Other initiatives for Atfal:
 1. Qaseeda challenge
 2. Spring Reading Challenge
 3. National Online Talim Classes
 4. Atfal Work-out
 5. Atfal Show

All details available on the Atfal website: atfal.org.uk



**Next Class:
18th May & 6:30 pm**



Jazakallah!