ARABIC CRASH COURSE

Welcome Atfal, the class will begin shortly. In the meantime, kindly do the following:

1. Rename yourself so that we can unmute you and know who we are talking to
2. Get hold of a pen and paper to take notes
3. Have parents around to help you with the technical

Lesson 8: 7-10 age group

Would anyone like to share what they already know about Arabic?

TEST

- The test will be emailed to everyone according to their age group at 7:30pm tonight, giving you thirty minutes to revise before the exam goes live.
- Please check your email around that time.
- The answers to the questions will be published on the 23rd of May – that gives you two days time to attempt the test.

WHERE TO FIND LESSON SLIDES?
Atfal.org.uk/talim-learn-arabic

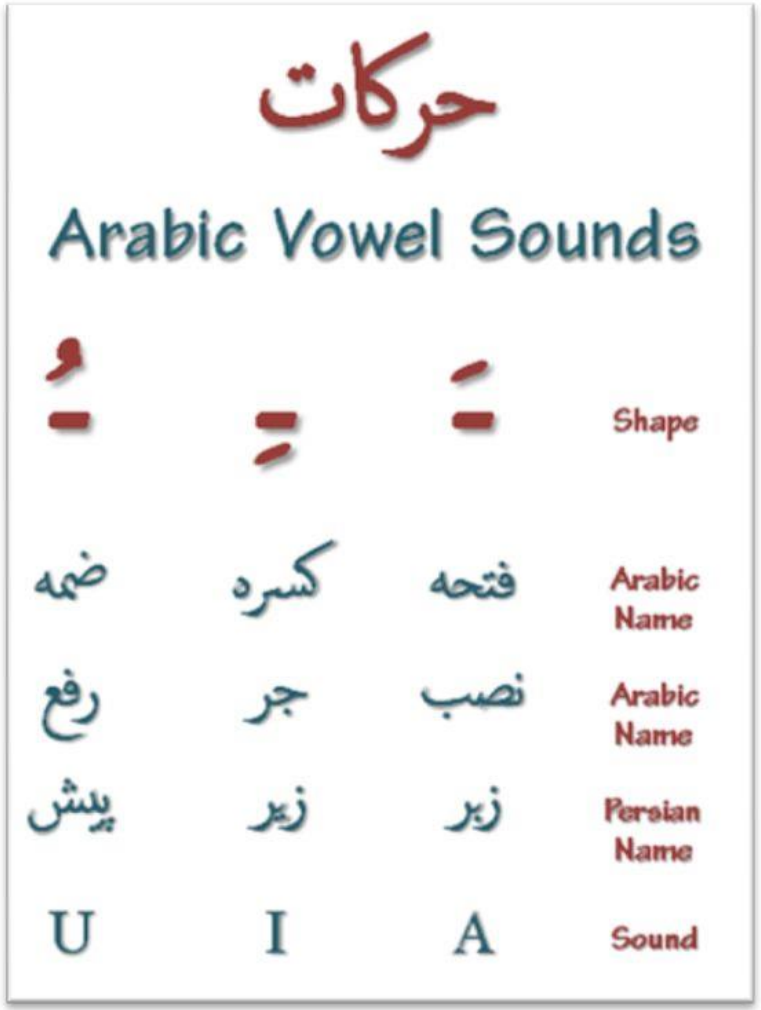
Recap

We will very quickly go over what we have leant in the past 4 weeks to get you ready for the exam, don’t worry if this is too fast paced for you.
This slide is available on the Atfal website right now, so you can revise at your own pace if you wish to.

The Alphabets

- 28 Letters
- Right to Left
- Different forms

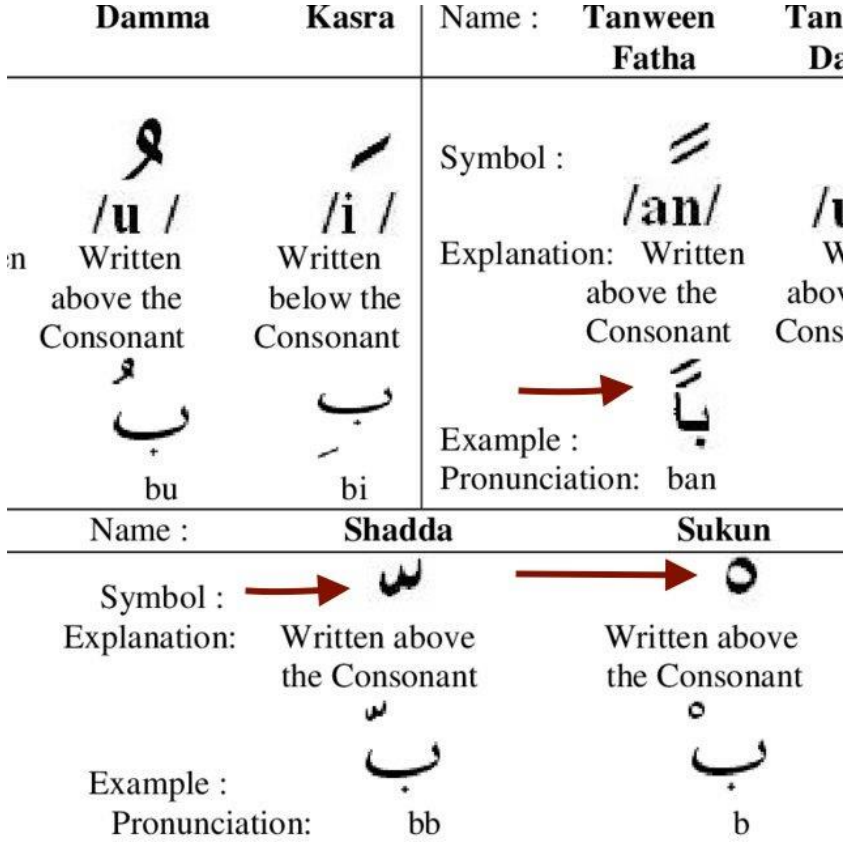
The Vowels



Nunnation of Vowels

- In Arabic, short vowels are not a part of the Arabic alphabet
- Instead, they are written as marks above or below the letter.
- It is through these short vowel endings that the subject (faa'il) and the object (maf'ul) in a sentence are shown.

The Vowels Cont.



- Some additional vowels are: Sukoon, Tanween and Shaddah

Indefinite Article

1. Most words are in an indefinite position before any changes are made. When a word is indefinite the meaning of (a house, a pen, a book) is given.
2. How do we know a word is indefinite?

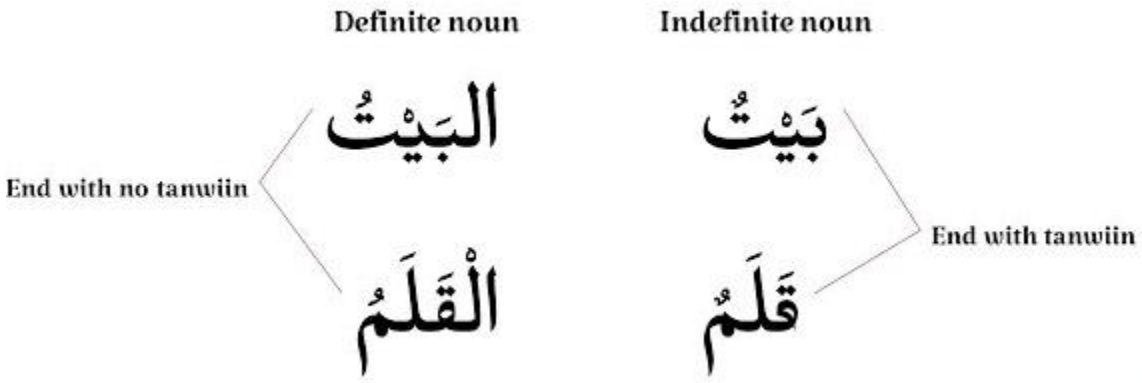
It will have a Tanween at the end of the word. بَيْتٌ ءِ

3. How do we pronounce the Tanween? “un- sound”
4. Let's look at some examples:

قُبَّعَةٌ قَلَمٌ طَاوِلَةٌ بَيتٌ

Definite Article

1. To change, for example, ‘a book’ to ‘the book’ you add a ‘Alif’ and ‘Laam’ (AL-) at the beginning of the word.
2. After this, you also take away the –n ending (tanween) from the word
3. Let’s look at some more examples:



How are you?

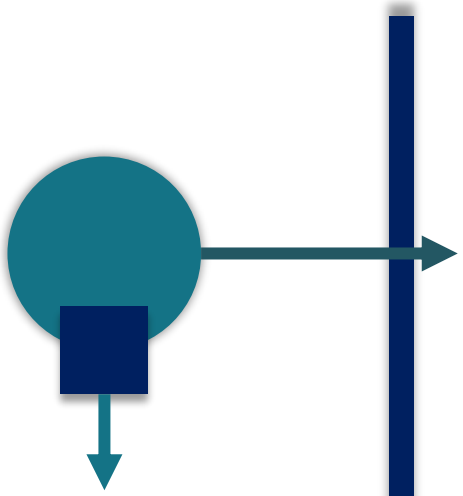
English	Transliteration	Arabic
How are you?	Kaifa Haaluka	كَيْفَ حَالُكَ؟
I am well – All praise belongs to Allah	Ana Bikhair	أَنَا بِخَيْرِ الْحَمْدُالله

وَ أَنْتَ

AND YOU

My name?

English	Transliteration	Arabic
What is your name?	Ma Ismuka	مَا إِسْمُكَ
My name is	Ismee	إِسْمِى



Where are you from?

English	Transliteration	Arabic
Where are you from?	Min Ayna Anta?	مِنْ أَيْنَ أَنْتَ
I am from …	Ana min	أَنَا مِنْ ---

بِرِطَانِيَا اَلْهِنْدْ بَا كِسْتَانْ

Nouns

In Arabic, there are two types of nouns: Masculine & Feminine

- How do we know which one is which?
  - Note: most feminine nouns have ة at the end of the word
  - For example:

أَرِيكَةٌ حَدِيقَةٌ دَرَّاجَةٌ

كِتَابٌ → Masculine

سَيَّارَةٌ → Feminine

Exercise

Which nouns are masculine and which nouns are feminine?

كِتَابٌ *Book*	قَلَمٌ *Pen*	وَلَدٌ *Boy*	مَدْرَسَةٌ *School*	نَافِذَةٌ *Window*
حَقِيبَةٌ *Bag*	مِفْتَاحٌ *Key*	كُرْسِيٌّ *Chair*	مِرْوَحَةٌ *Fan*	دَجَاجَةٌ *Hen*

Demonstratives (Masculine)

English	Transliteration	Arabic
This is	Haazaa	هَذَا
What?	Maa	مَا؟
What is this?	Maa haazaa	مَاهَذَا

Demonstratives (Masculine)

English	Transliteration	Arabic
That is	Zaalika	ذَلِكَ
What?	Maa	مَا؟
What is that?	Maa zaalika	مَا ذَلِكَ

- Let's do some examples now!

Examples

English	Arabic
This is a camel	هَذَا جمل
This is a donkey	هَذَاحمار
This is a horse	هَذَاحصان
This is a cat	هَذَاقط
This is a dog	هَذَا كلب
This is a bed	هَذَاسرير

English	Arabic
That is a camel	ذَلِكَ جمل
That is a donkey	ذَلِكَ حمار
That is a horse	ذَلِكَ حصان
That is a cat	ذَلِكَ قط
That is a dog	ذَلِكَ كلب
That is a bed	ذَلِكَ سرير

Demonstratives (Feminine)

English	Transliteration	Arabic
This is	Haazihi	هَذِهِ
What?	Maa	مَا؟
What is this?	Maa haazihi	مَا هَذِهِ؟

Demonstratives (Feminine)

English	Transliteration	Arabic
That is	Tilka	تِلْكَ
What?	Maa	مَا؟
What is that?	Maa Tilka	مَا تِلْكَ

- Let's do some examples now!

Examples

English	Arabic
This is a bag	هَذِهِ حَقِيبَةٌ
This is a window	هَذِهِ نَافِذَةٌ
This is a school	هَذِهِ مَدْرَسَةٌ
This is a fan	هَذِهِ مِرْوَحَةٌ
This is a hen	هَذِهِ دَجَاجَةٌ

English	Arabic
That is a bag	تِلْكَ حَقِيبَةٌ
That is a window	تِلْكَ نَافِذَةٌ
That is a school	تِلْكَ مَدْرَسَةٌ
That is a fan	تِلْكَ مِرْوَحَةٌ
That is a hen	تِلْكَ دَجَاجَةٌ

The numbers

1. Say the numbers.

١	٢	٣	٤	٥
Wahid	Ithnan	Thalathah	Arb'ah	Khamsah
وَاحِد	اِثْنَان	ثَلاثَة	أَرْبَعَة	خَمْسَة

٦	٧	٨	٩	١٠
Sittah	Sab'ah	Thamania	Tis'ah	Asharah
سِتَّة	سَبْعَة	ثَمَانِيَة	تِسْعَة	عَشَرَة

“Yes, No & connectives”

English	Transliteration	Arabic
Yes	Na’im	نَعَمْ
No	La	لَا
And	wa	وَ
Also	Kazaalika	كَذَلِكَ
But	Laakin	لٰكِنْ

Numbers

Numbers	Arabic	Transliteration
1	وَاحِد	Wahid
2	اِثْنَان	Ithnan
3	ثَلَاثَة	Thalathah
4	أَرْبَعَة	Arb’ah
5	خَمْسَة	Khamsah
6	سِتَّة	Sittah
7	سَبْعَة	Sab’ah
8	ثَمَانِيَة	Thamania
9	تِسْعَة	Tis’ah
10	عَشَرَة	Asharah

Numbers	Arabic	Transliteration
11	أَحَدَ عَشَرَ	Ahada-Ashara
12	اِثْنَا عَشَرَ	Ithna-Ashara
13	ثَلَاثَةَ عَشَرَ	Thalathata-Ashara
14	أَرْبَعَةَ عَشَرَ	Arb’ata-Ashara
15	خَمْسَةَ عَشَرَ	Khamsata- Ashara
16	سِتَّةَ عَشَرَ	Sittata-Ashara
17	سَبْعَةَ عَشَرَ	Sab’ata-Ahsara
18	ثَمَانِيَةَ عَشَرَ	Thamaniata-Ashara
19	تِسْعَةَ عَشَرَ	Tis’ata-Ashara
20	عِشْرُونَ	Ishroon

How old are you?

English	Transliteration	Arabic
How old are you?	Kam Umuruka?	كَمْ عُمُرُكَ؟
I am … years old	Umuri … Sanawaati	عُمُرِي ـــ سَنَوَاتٍ

Let's try ourselves

How to ask Questions?

English	Transliteration	Arabic
Who…	Man	مَنْ
Is…	A	أَ

Let's look at some examples

Examples

This is sugar and that is milk. هَذَا سُكَّرٌ وَ ذَلِكَ لَبَنٌ	Who is that? That is an Imam. مَنْ ذَلِكَ؟ ذَلِكَ إِمَامٌ
Is that a cat? No that is a dog. أَ ذَلِكَ قِطٌّ؟ لَا، ذَلِكَ كَلْبٌ	What is this? This is a stone. مَا هَذَا؟ هَذَا حَجَرٌ

New words

Milk لَبَنٌ	Sugar سُكَّرٌ
Stone حَجَرٌ	Imam إِمَامٌ

Prepositions

English	Transliteration	Arabic
Under	Tahta	تَحْتَ
Above	Fawka	فَوْقُ
Between	Baina	بَيْنُ
On	‘alaa	عَلَى
In front of	Amaama	اَمَامَ
Behind	Khalfa / Waraa’a	خَلْفَ ‘ وَرَاءَ
Next to	Bijaanibi	بِجَانِبِ
Inside	Daakhil	دَاخِل
Below	Asfal	اَسْفَل
To	Ilaa	إِلَى
With	Ma’aa	مَعَ
From	Min	مِنْ
In	Fee	فِيْ

- Let’s do some examples now!

Prepositions and Nouns

Prepositions are used to describe the position of a noun. Prepositions “act” on nouns.

If we cast our memory back to the early lessons, there are two types of nouns:

1. Definite
2. Indefinite

(Can you remember what the differences are?)

The prepositions **change** the noun depending on whether it is definite or indefinite.
Let’s see what the differences are.

Indefinite

Let's look at indefinite nouns first

1. The Tanwin (-un sound) has been dropped
2. Replaced with -in sound
3. After the addition of a preposition the indefinite noun becomes "Indefinte Majrur" (مجرور)
4. What does "Majrur" mean?
5. When the end of the noun takes a Tanween or Kasrah depending on, if it is Indefinite or definite.

Let's look at some examples!

Examples

English	Arabic
A Book	كِتَابٌ
A Tree	شَجَرَةٌ
A Car	سَيَّارَةٌ

English	Arabic
In a book	فِيْ كِتَابٍ
On a tree	عَلَى شَجَرَةٍ
Under a car	تَحْتَ سَيَّارَةٍ

Definite

Let's look at definite nouns now

1. The (ُDammaضمة) at the end of the definite noun is dropped

2. Replaced with a ِ -ii sound (Kasra)
3. The ال of the definite noun is not dropped
4. After the addition of a preposition the definite noun becomes "definte Majrur" (مجرور)
5. What does "Majrur" mean?
6. When the end of the noun takes a Tanween or Kasrah depending on, if it is Indefinite or definite.

Let's look at some examples!

Examples

English	Arabic
The Book	اَلْكِتَابُ
The Tree	اَلْشَجَرَةُ
The Car	اَلسَّيَّارَةُ

English	Arabic
In the book	فِيْ الْكِتَابِ
On the tree	عَلَى الْشَجَرَةِ
Under the car	تَحْتَ السَّيَّارَةِ

Numbers

English	Transliteration	Arabic
30	Thalaathoona	ثَلَاثُونَ
40	Arb’aoona	أَرْبَعُونَ
50	Khamsoona	خَمْسُونَ
60	Sittoona	سِتُّونَ
70	Sub’oona	سَبْعُونَ
80	Thamanoona	ثَمَانُونَ
90	Tis’oona	تِسْعُونَ
100	Mi’attan	مِئَةً

Singular pronouns

What is a pronoun?

English	Transliteration	Arabic
I	Ana	أَنَا
You (masculine)	Anta	أَنْتَ
You (feminine)	Anti	أَنْتِ
He	Huwa	هُوَ
She	He-ya	هِيَ

Let's use it in some sentences

Important phrases

Let's try ourselves

English	Transliteration	Arabic
Good morning	Sabaah-ul-Khair	صَبَاحُ الْخَيْر
Good evening	Masaa-ul-Khair	مَسَاءُ الْخَيْر
Sorry	Aasif	آسِفٌ
Please	Min fadhlik	مِنْ فَضْلِكَ
Thank you	Shukrann	شُكْرًا

#	English	Arabic
1	Peace and Blessings of Allah be upon you	اَلسَّلَامُ عَلَيْكُمْ وَرَحْمَةُاللّٰهِ وَبَرَكَاتُهٗ (مَسَاءُالْخَيْر)
2	Peace and Blessings of Allah be upon you	اَلسَّلَامُ عَلَيْكُمْ وَرَحْمَةُاللّٰهِ وَبَرَكَاتُهٗ (مَسَاءُالْخَيْر)
2	How are you?	كَيْفَ حَالُكَ؟
1	I am well? And you?	اَنَا بِخَيْر، وَاَنْتَ؟
2	I am well. Thank you	اَنَا بِخَيْر، شُكْرًا
1	What is your name?	مَااسْمُكَ؟
2	My name is ..., and you?	اِسْمِي ـــ وَاَنْتَ؟
1	My name is ...	اِسْمِي ـــ
2	Where are you from?	مِنْ اَيْنَ اَنْتَ؟

#	English	Arabic
1	I am from ..., and you?	اَنَا مِنْ ـــ وَاَنْتَ؟
2	I am from ...	اَنَا مِنْ ـــ
1	How old are you?	كَمْ عُمْرُكَ؟
2	I am ... years old. And you?	عُمْرِي ـــ سَنَوَاتٍ ـ وَاَنْتَ؟
1	I am ... years old.	عُمْرِي ـــ
2	Is your name ...(say incorrect name)?	هَلْ اَنْتَ ـــ؟
1	No, my name is ...	لَا، اِسْمِي ـــ
1	It was nice talking to you, goodbye	لِقَاءُكَ مَسْرُورٌ ـ اِلَى اللِّقَاءِ
2	Good bye	مَعَ السَّلَامِ

Homework

Please send us your feedback! We would love to listen to you and improve these class in the future.

Also, send us a short video of how much you have learned, we will try and upload it on to our Instagram page

Send us your feedback:
Email: talim@atfal.org.uk
Instagram: @atfal_talimUK

Announcements

1. Answer any questions by the Atfal
2. Other initiatives for Atfal:
    1. Qaseeda challenge
    2. Spring Reading Challenge
    3. National Online Talim Classes
    4. Atfal Work-out
    5. Atfal Show

All details available on the Atfal website: **atfal.org.uk**

Have a go at the Test!

Jazakallah!