

NATIONAL TALIM

ATFAL QUIZ TIME

ATFAL AGED 10 - 15 ONLY!



Attributes of Allah

Ahmadiyyat

Islam

Responding to allegations

General Knowledge

SYLLABUS

2026



MAJLIS
ATFALUL AHMADIYYA
UNITED KINGDOM
MAA Ta'lim Dept

1) Quiz Topics

- The quiz will cover the following six subject areas:
 - o Islamic History
 - o History of Ahmadiyyat
 - o General Knowledge
 - o Sports and Science
 - o Kalaam
 - o The Theme of the Year: "Our Paradise Lies in Our God."
- Questions in the competition will be based on these topics and will be selected from an official question bank prepared for the quiz.

2) Structure of the Quiz

- The quiz will consist of six rounds, with each round containing questions selected from the approved question bank.
- Each round will correspond to one of the subject areas listed above.

3) Age Groups

- The Quiz is targeted towards All Atfal aged 10 and over.
- There will be two competitions at the Regional Level.
 - o 1 Competition – Ages 10-12
 - o 1 Competition – Ages 13-15
- The winning teams for both age groups in every region will move onto the Final, which will take place at the beginning of August, Inshallah.

4) Distribution and Confidentiality of the Quiz

- The quiz materials will be sent to each region in advance to allow for organisational preparation.
- However, it is the responsibility of the regional organisers to ensure that no Atfal gain access to the quiz questions before the official quiz day.
- Strict confidentiality must be maintained to ensure fairness.

5) Regional Competitions

- Each region will organise and conduct the quiz.
- Atfal will compete within their respective Local Qiadats, and regional organisers will be responsible for managing and supervising the competition.
- The Regional competition will take place by June **Inshallah**. It's up to each region to decide on a date between now and June.

6) Team Composition

- Each participating team must consist of three Atfal.
- Teams should be formed within the respective Qiadats according to the guidelines set by the regional organisers.

7) Qualification for the National Competition

- The winning team from each region will qualify to participate in the National Quiz Competition, which will take place at **National Level in August Inshallah**.

8) National-Level Quiz

- A separate quiz will be prepared specifically for the **National Level competition in August**.
- This quiz will be different from the one used at the regional level to ensure fairness and maintain the integrity of the competition.

9) Prizes and Recognition

- Prizes and recognition will be awarded to the participating Atfal at both the regional level and the national level in acknowledgement of their effort, knowledge, and achievement in the competition; inshallah.

IMPORTANT NOTE:

We hope and pray that all Atfal taking part in this competition benefit greatly. The categories and questions for the Syllabus have been chosen with great thought, keeping in mind the needs and challenges of our Atfal today. As mentioned in the beginning, the Syllabus has 6 Categories covered across 300 Questions. The National Department has aimed to cover different abilities of Atfal, with some questions easier and some harder than others. Inshallah, the Competition will **initially run across the Regional Level and then be followed by the National Level.**

Please find the Syllabus below for the competition.

Before beginning to learn the Syllabus, write to Beloved Huzoor(aba) for prayers, give some Sadqah and pray Nawafil for Allah's help.

Some Prayers you can recite are:

A) Quranic Prayer for seeking Knowledge – (Surah Taha 20:115)

رَبِّ زِدْنِي عِلْمًا
Rabbi zidny ilma

"O my Lord, increase me in knowledge"

B) Prayer of the Holy Prophetsas – (Sunan Ibn Majah: 3833)

اللَّهُمَّ اِنْفَعْنِي بِمَا عَلَّمْتَنِي وَعَلِّمْنِي مَا يَنْفَعُنِي وَزِدْنِي عِلْمًا
Allahumanfa'ny bima alamtany wa a'limny ma yanfa'uni wa zidny ilma

O Allah, benefit me by that which You have taught me, and teach me that which"
".will benefit me, and increase me in knowledge

SECTION A: ISLAMIC HISTORY

ATFAL
QUIZ TIME

1) Who was the battle of Siffin fought between?

A: Between Hazrat Ali (ra) and Hazrat Amir Muawiyah (ra)

2) Who claimed to be a Prophet after the Holy Prophet (sa) and was thus given the title 'Kazzab?'

A: Musailima Kazzab

3) How many Muslims fought in the battle of Badr?

A: 313

4) What tribe did the Holy Prophet (sa) belong to?

A: Banu Hashim

5) What were the two titles given to the Holy Prophet (sa) by the Quraish?

A: Ameen (Trustworthy) and Siddiq (Truthful)

6) Which son of Abu Talib did the Holy Prophet (sa) take into his care?

A: Hazrat Ali (ra)

7) Explain the incident of Bahira the monk

A: According to some narrations, once, when the Holy Prophet (sa) was a child and on a trade expedition with Hazrat Abu Talib, they passed by a monk called Bahira. Bahira told Hazrat Abu Talib that the child among them [Hazrat Muhammad (sa)] would grow up to be a Prophet.

8) In order, up to the age of 8, which family members of the Holy Prophet (sa) passed away?

A: Hazrat Abdullah (father), Hazrat Amina (mother), Hazrat Abdul Muttalib (grandfather)

9) At what age did the Holy Prophet (sa) first marry and with whom?

A: At the age of 25 with Hazrat Khadija (ra)

10) What was the first revelation revealed to the Holy Prophet (sa) and where?

A: In Cave Hira and it was *اقْرَأْ بِاسْمِ رَبِّكَ الَّذِي خَلَقَ*

11) What did Hazrat Khadija (ra) say when the Holy Prophet (sa) told her of his first revelation?

A: God will not waste you as you join ties of kinship, take care of the poor, and are the most honourable among your people.

12) What was Fatrat ul wahi?

A: After the first revelation at Cave Hira, there was a period of complete silence, where the Holy Prophet (sa) did not receive any revelations. It was a time of great anguish for the Holy Prophet (sa)

13) What is the meaning of Muddathir?

A: The one who covers himself with a cloak

14) Who is the last law-bearing Prophet in Islam?

A: The Holy Prophet (sa)

15) What was the name of the Holy Prophet ^{sas}'s mother?

A: Aminah bint Wahb

16) Who was the first woman to believe in Islam?

A: Hazrat Khadijah (ra)

17) Who was the angel that brought Allah's Revelation?

A: Angel Jibreel (Gabriel)

18) Why did Muslims migrate to Madinah?

A: To escape persecution and practice Islam freely

19) What is the migration to Madinah called in Arabic?

A: Hijrah

20) In which year did the Hijrah to Madinah take place?

A: 622 CE

21) What was Madinah called before Islam?

A: Yathrib

22) What was the name given to the Muslims who welcomed the Holy Prophet (sa) in Madinah?

A: The Ansar (helpers)

23) What was the first mosque built by the Holy Prophet (sa)?

A: Masjid Quba

24) Who was the Holy Prophet's (sa) youngest wife?

A: Hazrat Aisha (ra)

25) Who was famous for calling the adhan?

A: Hazrat Bilal ibn Rabah (ra)

26) Who was given the title "The Lion of Allah"?

A: Hazrat Hamzah ibn Abdul Muttalib (ra)

27) What was the first major battle in Islam?

A: The Battle of Badr

28) What was the lesson learnt from the Battle of Uhud?

A: Obeying the Holy Prophet (sa) is very important. If the Muslims had listened to the Holy Prophet's instructions, then victory at Uhud would not have been lost.

29) What was special about the Treaty of Hudaibiyyah?

A: It brought peace and allowed Islam to spread

30) What happened when Makkah was conquered?

A: Islam took control peacefully

31) How did the Holy Prophet (sa) treat his enemies at the Conquest of Mecca?

A: He said *لَا تَرْيَبَ عَلَيْكُمُ الْيَوْمَ* (no harm shall come on you this day) and forgave all the persecutions faced by the Meccans before.

32) What does Jihad mean (simply)?

A: Striving or struggling for good

33) What language was the Qur'an revealed in?

A: Arabic

34) What is the Islamic calendar based on?

A: The Hijrah

35) What is a Khalifa?

A: A Successor of a Prophet, continuing his mission and leading the Muslim community

36) Why was Baghdad important?

A: It became the center of learning during the Islamic golden age, scholars from all around the world would come to Baghdad.

37) What was Bayt al-Hikmah?

A: The House of Wisdom, it was a grand library in Baghdad

38) What country did early Muslims migrate to prior to the migration to Madinah?

A: Abyssinia

39) Who were the Ashra Mubashara and what were their names?

A: The 10 companions promised paradise by the Holy Prophet (sa): they were Hazrat Abu Bakr, Hazrat Umar, Hazrat Uthman, Hazrat Ali, Hazrat Talha bin Ubaydullah, Hazrat Saeed bin Zaid, Hazrat Abdur Rahman bin Auf, Hazrat Sa'd bin Abi Waqqas, Hazrat Zubayr bin al Awwam, Hazrat Abu Ubaydah bin Jarrah

40) What became of Khilafat after Hazrat Ali?

A: Khilafat on the precepts of Prophethood ended, with Hazrat Amir Muawiyah (ra) and Hazrat Imam Hasan (ra) disputing over who would take leadership of the Muslims.

41) Who persecuted and martyred Hazrat Imam Hussain (ra)

A: Yazid

42) When did the incident of Karbala happen?

A: 10 Muharram 61AH

43) Who became the first Mujaddid of Islam?

A: Umar Bin Abdul Aziz

44) What was the incident of Ifk?

A: The hypocrites spread a rumour that Hazrat Aisha (ra) had committed adultery against the Holy Prophet (sa) with a companion. Her innocence was later testified to by Allah the Almighty in the Holy Quran in Surah Al-Nur.

45) Who was the leader of the hypocrites at the time of the Holy Prophet (sa)?

A: Abdullah bin Ubayy bin Sulul

46) Which son of the Holy Prophet (sa) wasn't born to Hazrat Khadija?

A: Hazrat Ibrahim

47) When did the Holy Prophet (sa) pass away?

A: 632CE

48) Who was the adopted son of the Holy Prophet (sa)?

A: Hazrat Zaid bin Haritha (ra)

49) What is the difference between the Mi'raj and the Isra?

A: Mi'raj was a spiritual journey to the heavens, during which 5 daily prayers were made obligatory on Muslims. The Isra was a spiritual journey to Jerusalem where the Holy Prophet (sa) led the other Prophets in prayer.

50) What are some of the titles given to the Holy Prophet (sa)?

A: Muhammad, Ahmad, Hashir, Mahi, Aqib

SECTION B: AHMADIYYAT HISTORY

ATFAL
QUIZ TIME

1) Who was the Promised Messiah's (as) son who attained long age?

A: Hazrat Mirza Bashiruddin Mahmud Ahmad (ra)

2) When did the Promised Messiah (as) receive the revelation: أَلَيْسَ اللَّهُ بِكَافٍ عَبْدَهُ
(Is Allah not sufficient for his servant)?

A: Upon the death of his father

3) When did the Promised Messiah (as) first take Bait?

A: 23 March 1889

4) What was the name of the Promised Messiah's (as) first book?

A: Barahin e Ahmadiyya

5) What is the name of the group of people who opposed Khilafat during the time of Hazrat Musleh Maud (ra)?

A: The Lahori Jamaat

6) Who was the first person to pledge allegiance to the Promised Messiah (as)?

A: Hazrat Hakim Maulvi Nuruddin (ra)

7) What was Jang e Muqaddas?

A: A debate between the Promised Messiah (as) and Abdullah Atham regarding the Divinity of Jesus (as)

8) What did Martin Clarke do after Jang e Muqaddas?

A: filed a false lawsuit against the Promised Messiah (as), claiming Hazrat Ahmad (as) had sent someone to murder Martin Clarke.

9) Who was Maulvi Muhammad Husain Batalvi?

A: A childhood friend of the Promised Messiah who became his biggest enemy after his claim to Prophethood.

10) When did the Promised Messiah (as) receive the prophecy of 'Musleh Maud' and where?

A: In 1886 at Hoshiarpur

11) Who was Lekh Ram?

A: An Arya Samajist who was a staunch opponent of the Promised Messiah (as)

12) How was the prophecy about Lekh Ram fulfilled?

A: Lekh Ram was murdered within the time frame of 6 years as given in the Prophecy close to the day of Eid in 1897 by an unknown person who was never found and never seen – alluding to the fact that this happened based on divine accord.

13) What is Wasiyyat?

A: A divine scheme of the Promised Messiah (as) where members are required to sacrifice 1/10 of movable property for the sake of religion.

14) What is Bahishti Maqbarah?

A: A heavenly graveyard that was shown to the Promised Messiah (as) in a dream, it is where He is buried and where members of Wasiyyat are buried.

15) What was the name of the Promised Messiah's (as) wife through whom Hazrat Musleh Maud was born?

A: Hazrat Sayyeda Nusrat Jahan Begum Sahiba (ra)

16) Which two great scholars of the Jamaat passed away in 1905?

A: Hazrat Maulvi Abdul Karim Sialkoti (ra) and Hazrat Burhanuddin Jhelmi (ra)

17) Who was Dr Alexander Dowie?

A: A Christian evangelist and religious leader best known for founding the Christian Catholic Apostolic Church and a self-contained community called Zion City in Illinois, USA

18) What is a Mubahala?

A: A prayer duel where both sides invoke the curse of Allah upon the liar.

19) When did the Promised Messiah (as) pass away?

A: 26th May 1908

20) How long was the Khilafat of Hazrat Khalifatul Masih I (ra)?

A: 6 years

21) What were the two main newspapers of the Jamaat during the life of the Promised Messiah (as)?

A: Al Badr and Al Hakam

22) When did Hazrat Musleh Maud (ra) become Khalifa?

A: 14th March 1914

23) Who were the two main individuals who opposed Hazrat Musleh Maud's Khilafat?

A: Maulvi Muhammad Ali and Khwaja Kamal uddin

24) When did Hazrat Musleh Maud (ra) travel to London for the first time?

A: In 1924

25) Which sons of Hazrat Musleh Maud (ra) became Khulufa?

A: Hazrat Hafiz Mirza Nasir Ahmad^{rh} and Hazrat Mirza Tahir Ahmad^{rh}

26) What were the names of Hazrat Musleh Maud's (ra) brothers who attained long lives?

A: Hazrat Mirza Bashir Ahmad (ra) and Hazrat Mirza Sharif Ahmad (ra)

27) What is the relation of Hazrat Mirza Masroor Ahmad^{aba} to Hazrat Musleh Maud^{ra} and to Hazrat Mirza Sharif Ahmad^{ra}?

A: Hazrat Musleh Maud^{ra} is Huzoor's^{aba} maternal grandfather and Hazrat Mirza Sharif Ahmad^{ra} is Huzoor's paternal grandfather.

28) Which two individuals of the Jamaat gained fame due to their worldly achievements?

A: Chaudhry Zafrullah Khan Sahib (ra) and Dr Abdul Salam sahib

29) When did Hazrat Musleh Maud (ra) initiate Tehrik e Jadid?

A: In 1934

30) When was Pakistan formed?

A: 14 August 1947

31) What was the incident of Hazrat Musleh Maud's (ra) knife wound?

A: While Hazrat Musleh Maud^{ra} was leading prayers, a youth came forward and stabbed Huzoor on the neck, due to which Huzoor's health greatly deteriorated.

32) When did Hazrat Musleh Maud (ra) announce that he was the Promised Son?

A: In 1944

33) When was Waqfe Jadid founded?

A: 1957

34) What is Khalid e Ahmadiyyat and name the people who were given this title?

A: Hazrat Musleh Maud (ra) announced that just as Hazrat Khalid bin Walid (ra) would defend the Holy Prophet's honour in war, the Jamaat had three Khalids in this era, Hazrat Maulana Jalal ud Din Shams^{ra}, Hazrat Abul Ata Jalandhari^{ra}, and Hazrat Malik Abdul Rahman Khadim^{ra}.

35) When did Hazrat Musleh Maud (ra) pass away and who became Khalifa after him?

A: In November 1965 and Hazrat Mirza Nasir Ahmad (rh) became Khalifa

36) How long was the Khilafat of Hazrat Khalifatul Masih III (rh)?

A: Around 17 years

37) What happened during the general assembly of 1974 in Pakistan?

A: At Pakistan's general assembly, Hazrat Khalifatul Masih III presented the Jamaat's teachings, and the assembly questioned him for over 50 hours. Maulvis from all sects were there and Huzoor^{rh} defended Ahmadiyyat against all of them. However, due to their opposition, the members decided to announce Ahmadis as non-Muslims upon the conclusion of the assembly.

38) Who became Hazrat Khalifatul Masih IV?

A: Hazrat Mirza Tahir Ahmad (rh)

39) When did Hazrat Khalifatul Masih IV migrate to London?

A: April 1984

40) Who was General Zia ul Haq?

A: The dictator of Pakistan who committed great cruelties against Ahmadis and introduced Ordinance XX which prohibited Ahmadis from "acting" as Muslims.

41) What happened to General Zia ul Haq?

A: According to the Mubahala with Hazrat Khalifatul Masih IV^{rh}, his plane was blown out of the sky and he died in the resulting crash.

42) When did the 100th Jalsa Salana Qadian take place and what was its significance?

A: in December 1991, it was so significant because for the first time since the partition of Pakistan and India, a Khalifa was going back to Qadian.

43) What is so special about Masjid Basharat in Spain?

A: It was the first Mosque in Spain built after 700 years.

44) When did Hazrat Khalifatul Masih IV pass away?

A: 19 April 2003

45) When did Hazrat Khalifatul Masih V^{aba} go to Qadian for Jalsa?

A: December 2005

46) What is the relation of Hazrat Khalifatul Masih V^{aba} to the Promised Messiah (as)?

A: The Promised Messiah (as) is Huzoor's^{aba} great grandfather

47) When did the annual peace symposium start?

A: 2004

48) When did Huzoor^{aba} move to Islamabad?

A: April 2019

49) Which Monarch lived during the time of four of the first Khulafa of the Promised Messiah (as)?

A: Queen Elizabeth II

50) What revelation did Hazrat Khalifatul Masih IV receive at the start of the 2nd century of Ahmadiyyat?

A: Assalamo Alaikum

SECTION C: GENERAL KNOWLEDGE

ATFAL
QUIZ TIME

1) Which country has the largest population in the world?

A: China

2) The currency of Japan is the:

A: Yen

3) Which river flows through Paris?

A: Seine

4) Which continent has the highest number of countries?

A: Africa

5) The Great Barrier Reef is located near which country?

A: Australia

6) Which country is known as the "Land of the Rising Sun"?

A: Japan

7) Mount Kilimanjaro is in which country?

A: Tanzania

8) Which ocean lies between Africa and Australia?

A: Indian Ocean

9) Which city is famous for the Colosseum?

A: Rome

10) Which country gifted the Statue of Liberty to the United States?

A: France

11) The imaginary line at 0° latitude is called the:

A: Equator

12) Which desert is the largest hot desert in the world?

A: Sahara

13) Which country has three capital cities?

A: South Africa

14) The River Amazon flows mainly through which country?

A: Brazil

15) Which European city is divided by the River Danube?

A: Vienna

16) Which ancient civilization developed between the Tigris and Euphrates rivers?

A: Mesopotamian River

17) Which country was formerly known as Persia?

A: Iran

18) Who was the first President of the United States?

A: George Washington

19) Which mountain range separates Europe and Asia?

A: Urals

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19) Which mountain range separates Europe and Asia?

A: Urals

20) Which language has the most native speakers in the world?

A: Mandarin Chinese

21) What does UNESCO stand for?

A: United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization

22) What does UNICEF stand for?

A: United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund

23) What does WHO stand for?

A: World Health Organization

24) What does GDP stand for?

A: Gross Domestic Product

25) What does NATO stand for?

A: North Atlantic Treaty Organization

26) Which international organization works mainly for world peace and cooperation?

A: United Nations

27) The headquarters of the United Nations is located in:

A: New York

28) Which country hosted the 2016 Summer Olympic Games?

A: Brazil

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28) Which country hosted the 2016 Summer Olympic Games?

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29) Which sea separates Europe and Africa?

A: Mediterranean Sea

30) Which country is both in Europe and Asia?

A: Turkey

31) What is an archipelago?

A: A group of islands

32) Which African country was formerly known as Abyssinia?

A: Ethiopia

33) Which city is known as the financial capital of the United States?

A: New York City

34) Which country introduced paper money for the first time?

A: China

35) Which canal connects the Mediterranean Sea to the Red Sea?

A: Suez Canal

36) Which country is the smallest in the world by area?

A: Vatican City

37) The Prime Meridian passes through which city?

A: Greenwich

38) Which continent has no permanent human population?

A: Antarctica

39) Which country is known for the ancient city of Machu Picchu?

A: Peru

40) Which world war led to the formation of the United Nations?

A: World War II

41) What does EU stand for?

A: European Union

42) What does IMF stand for?

A: International Monetary Fund

43) What does IOC stand for?

A: International Olympics Committee

44) Which city hosted the first modern Olympic Games?

A: Athens

45) Which country has the longest coastline in the world?

A: Canada

46) Which country is known as the “Land of a Thousand Lakes”?

A: Finland

47) Which continent is the driest inhabited continent?

A: Australia

48) Which global body controls international air travel rules?

A: International Civil Aviation Organization

49) What is meant by sustainable development?

A: Development that meets present needs without harming future generations

50) Which country has the most time zones?

A: France

SECTION D: SPORTS & SCIENCE

ATFAL
QUIZ TIME

1) What is the most played sport in the UK?

A: *Football*

2) What is the most played sport in America?

A: *Basketball*

3) What is the most played sport in Canada?

A: *Ice Hockey*

4) Name 5 football teams in the UK?

A: *Arsenal, Manchester City, Chelsea, Leeds United, Everton*

5) Name 5 football teams in La Liga?

A: *Real Madrid, FC Barcelona, Real Sociedad, Girona, Levante*

6) Name 5 famous NBA players?

A: *Michael Jordan, Lebron James, Kobe Bryant, Kevin Durant, Stephen Curry*

7) Who was the highest paid athlete in 2025?

A: *Cristiano Ronaldo*

8) Which club won the first ever Premier League title in 1993?

A: *Manchester United*

9) What year did England win the World Cup?

A: *1966*

10) Which athlete has the highest career earnings of all time?

A: Michael Jordan

11) Who won the Men's singles trophy at Wimbledon 2025?

A: Jannik Sinner

12) Who has won the most Wimbledon titles in Men's Singles?

A: Roger Federer

13) Who is the greatest female tennis player of all time?

A: Serena Williams

14) Who are the 'Big Three' male tennis players of all time?

A: Novak Djokovic, Roger Federer, Rafael Nadal

15) As of 2025, which team has won the most Champions League titles?

A: Real Madrid

16) Which team has won the most Premier League titles?

A: Manchester United

17) Which team has won the most NBA championships?

A: Boston Celtics

18) How many players are allowed on the court from each team in the NBA?

A: 5

19) In tennis, what is the term for a score of zero?

A: Love

20) What is the most famous cycling race in the world?

A: Tour de France

21) In which sport would you hear the term 'home run'?

A: Baseball

22) In volleyball, how many times can a team hit the ball before sending it over the net?

A: 3

23) How long is a standard professional boxing round for men?

A: 3 Minutes

24) What is the fighting area in the UFC called?

A: The Octagon

25) What does UFC stand for?

A: Ultimate Fighting Championship

26) What is the powerhouse of the cell?

A: Mitochondria

27) What is the largest organ in the human body?

A: The skin

28) How many bones are in the adult human body?

A: 206

29) Who was the first person in Space?

A: Yuri Gagarin

30) What was the name of the first monkey in Space?

A: Ham

31) What part of the brain controls balance and coordination?

A: The Cerebellum

32) What happens to particles when a substance is heated?

A: They move faster

33) What type of bond forms when atoms share electrons?

A: A covalent bond

34) What do enzymes do in the body?

A: They speed up chemical reactions

35) What is a light-year a measure of?

A: Distance

36) What is the name of the boundary around a black hole where light cannot escape?

A: The event horizon

37) Which planet is known as Earth's "twin" because of its similar size?

A: Venus

38) What happens to a star when it runs out of fuel?

A: It can expand into a red giant or collapse, depending on its size

39) What is the difference between an asteroid and a comet?

A: Asteroids are rocky, comets are made of ice and dust

40) What is the hottest planet in our solar system?

A: Venus

41) What part of the eye controls how much light enters?

A: The Pupil

42) What organ filters waste from the blood?

A: The Kidneys

43) What is the main function of red blood cells?

A: To carry oxygen around the body

44) What gas is most abundant in Earth's atmosphere?

A: Nitrogen

45) What part of the ear helps with balance?

A: The semicircular canals

46) What is the name of the process plants use to make food?

A: Photosynthesis

47) What unit is used to measure energy?

A: Joules

48) What part of the plant transports water?

A: The xylem

49) What is the function of white blood cells?

A: To fight infection

50) What force causes tides on Earth?

A: The Moon's gravity

Death of Hazrat Isa^{as} from the Quran:

1) Name the Quranic verse where Allah the Almighty promises to cause Hazrat Isa^{as} to die and raise him up in status:

A:

إِذْ قَالَ اللَّهُ يُعَيِّسِي إِنَّهُ مُتَوَفِّيكَ وَرَافِعُكَ إِلَىٰ وَمُطَهِّرُكَ مِنَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا وَجَاعِلُ الَّذِينَ اتَّبَعُوكَ فَوْقَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا إِلَىٰ يَوْمِ الْقِيَامَةِ ثُمَّ إِلَىٰ مَرْجِعِكُمْ فَأَحْكُمُ بَيْنَكُمْ فِيمَا كُنْتُمْ فِيهِ تَخْتَلِفُونَ ﴿٥٦﴾

(Al-Imran, verse 56)

Explanation: Non-Ahmadis give different meanings to *tawaffa* and *rafa* here; they suggest that Allah the Almighty physically raised Hazrat Isa^{as}. However, seeing the other uses of such words in the Holy Quran in the same conditions, we see that the words mean that Allah the Almighty promises to cause Hazrat Isa^{as} to die and raise him up in status, not physically.

2) Name the Quranic verse which states that Hazrat Isa^{as} was not crucified, nor killed:

A:

وَقَوْلِهِمْ إِنَّا قَتَلْنَا الْمَسِيحَ عِيسَىٰ ابْنَ مَرْيَمَ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ وَمَا قَتَلُوهُ وَمَا صَلَبُوهُ وَلَكِنْ سُبُّوا لَهُمْ وَإِنَّ الَّذِينَ اخْتَلَفُوا فِيهِ لَفِي شَكٍّ مِمَّا قَالُوا وَمَا قَتَلُوهُ يَقِينًا ﴿١٥٨﴾ بَلْ رَفَعَهُ اللَّهُ إِلَيْهِ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَزِيزًا حَكِيمًا ﴿١٥٩﴾

(An-Nisa, verses 158-159)

Explanation: The verse explains that Hazrat Isa^{as} was not killed on the cross, nor was he killed at the time of being taken off the cross; rather, it was made to appear as such, as the Jews had thought he had died, but he was in actual fact still alive.

3) Name the Quranic verse showing Hazrat Isa^{as}'s conversation with Allah the Almighty on the Day of Judgement:

A:

وَإِذْ قَالَ اللَّهُ يُعِيسَى ابْنَ مَرْيَمَ ءَأَنْتَ قُلْتَ لِلنَّاسِ اتَّخِذُونِي وَأُمِّيَ إِلَهَيْنِ مِن دُونِ اللَّهِ ۗ قَالَ سُبْحٰنَكَ مَا يَكُونُ لِيَ أَنْ أَقُولَ مَا لَيْسَ لِي ۗ بِحَقِّ ۗ إِنَّ كُنْتُ قُلْتُهُ فَقَدْ عَلِمْتَهُ ۗ تَعَلَّمْ مَا فِي نَفْسِي وَلَا أَعْلَمُ مَا فِي نَفْسِكَ ۗ إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ عَلٰمُ الْغُيُوبِ ﴿١١٧﴾ مَا قُلْتُ لَهُمْ إِلَّا مَا أَمَرْتَنِي بِهِ أَنْ اَعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ رَبِّي وَرَبَّكُمْ ۗ وَكُنْتُ عَلَيْهِمْ شَهِيدًا مَّا دُمْتُ فِيهِمْ ۗ فَلَمَّا تَوَفَّيْتَنِي كُنْتُ أَنْتَ الرَّقِيبَ عَلَيْهِمْ ۗ وَأَنْتَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ شَهِيدٌ ﴿١١٨﴾

(Al-Maidah: 117-118)

Explanation: Hazrat Isa^{as} will say to Allah the Almighty on the Day of Judgement that whilst he was among his people, they did not go astray; but after that only God knows. This shows that he will not return before the Day of Judgement to see his people's current state.

4) Name the Quranic verse mentioning the belief of the People of the Book:

A:

إِنْ مِّنْ أٰبِلٍ الْكٰتِبِ إِلَّا لِيُؤْمِنَنَّ بِهِ قَبْلَ مَوْتِهِ ۗ وَيَوْمَ الْقِيٰمَةِ يَكُونُ عَلَيْهِمْ شَهِيدًا ﴿١٦٠﴾

An-Nisa: 160

Explanation: The people of the Book will believe before their death, not the death of Hazrat Isa^{as}.

5) Name the Quranic verse that states that Hazrat Isa^{as} was only a Messenger and that all Messengers before him have passed away:

A:

مَا الْمَسِيحُ ابْنُ مَرْيَمَ إِلَّا رَسُولٌ قَدْ خَلَتْ مِنْ قَبْلِهِ الرُّسُلُ وَأُمُّهُ صِدِّيقَةٌ كَانَا يَأْكُلِنِ الطَّعَامَ أَنْظُرْ كَيْفَ نُبَيِّنُ لَهُمُ الْآيَاتِ ثُمَّ أَنْظُرْ أَنَّى يُؤْفَكُونَ ﴿٧٦﴾

Al-Maidah: 76

Explanation: Hazrat Isa^{as} was a messenger like those before him; the sentence after that, that all other messengers also passed away, shows that Hazrat Isa^{as} is one of them.

6) Name the Quranic verses on Hazrat Isa^{as} praying and giving alms whilst he is alive:

A:

وَجَعَلْنِي مُبْرَكًا أَيَّنَ مَا كُنْتُ وَأَوْصِنِي بِالصَّلَاةِ وَالرَّكُوعِ مَا دُمْتُ حَيًّا ﴿٣٢﴾ وَبَرًّا بِوَالِدَتِي وَلَمْ يَجْعَلْنِي جَبَّارًا شَقِيًّا ﴿٣٣﴾ وَالسَّلَامُ عَلَيَّ يَوْمَ وُلِدْتُ وَيَوْمَ أَمُوتُ وَيَوْمَ أُبْعَثُ حَيًّا ﴿٣٤﴾

Maryam: 32-34

Explanation: Hazrat Isa^{as} would not be giving alms to anyone in heaven, as there would not be anyone else there worthy of receiving alms.

7) Name the Quranic verse that shows that Hazrat Isa^{as} was sent to the Children of Israel:

A:

وَرَسُولًا إِلَى بَنِي إِسْرَائِيلَ

Al-e-Imran: 50

8) Name the Quranic verse that shows that Hazrat Isa^{as} was sent to the Children of Israel:

A:

وَإِذْ قَالَ عِيسَى ابْنُ مَرْيَمَ يَبْنِيَّ إِسْرَائِيلَ إِنِّي رَسُولُ اللَّهِ إِلَيْكُمْ

As-Saff: 7

Death of Other Prophets:

9) Name the verse which states that Prophets had to eat and were not to live forever:

A:

وَمَا جَعَلْنَاهُمْ جَسَدًا لَا يَأْكُلُونَ الطَّعَامَ وَمَا كَانُوا خَالِدِينَ ﴿٩﴾

Al-Anbiya: 9

Explanation: Prophets must eat, but if Hazrat Isa^{as} was in heaven, what kind of food would he be eating for his body? Also, the phrase speaks of not residing in those bodies forever.

10) Name the verse which states that Muhammad (sa) is a Prophet and that all Prophets before him have passed away:

A:

وَمَا مُحَمَّدٌ إِلَّا رَسُولٌ قَدْ خَلَتْ مِنْ قَبْلِهِ الرُّسُلُ أَفَأَنْتُمْ مَاتَ أَوْ قُتِلَ انْقَلَبْتُمْ عَلَىٰ أَعْقَابِكُمْ

Al-e-Imran: 145

11) Name the verse which states that nobody before has had everlasting life:

A:

وَمَا جَعَلْنَا لِبَشَرٍ مِنْ قَبْلِكَ الْخُلْدَ أَفَأَنْتُمْ مِتُّمْ فَهُمْ الْخَالِدُونَ ﴿٣٥﴾

Al-Anbiya: 35

12) Name the verse on people being questioned on what they do and that you shall not be questioned on what they do:

A:

تِلْكَ أُمَّةٌ قَدْ خَلَتْ لَهَا مَا كَسَبَتْ وَلَكُمْ مَا كَسَبْتُمْ وَلَا تُسْأَلُونَ عَمَّا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٣٥﴾

Al-Baqarah: 135

13) Name the verse which states that Prophets ate food and walked the streets:

A:

وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَا قَبْلَكَ مِنَ الْمُرْسَلِينَ إِلَّا إِنَّهُمْ لَيَأْكُلُونَ الطَّعَامَ وَيَمْشُونَ فِي الْأَسْوَاقِ

Al-Furqan: 21

Explanation: No Prophet before Huzoor (sa) existed but that he walked and ate, how would Jesus do such a thing in Heaven?

Death of Hazrat Isa^{as} from Natural Law:

14) Name the verse on early death or late death:

A:

وَمِنْكُمْ مَّنْ يُتَوَفَّى وَمِنْكُمْ مَّنْ يُرَدُّ إِلَىٰ أَرْدَلِ الْعُمْرِ لِكَيْلَا يَعْلَمَ مِنْ بَعْدِ عِلْمٍ شَيْئًا

Al-Hajj: 6

15) Name the verse on abode and provision in the earth for a time:

A:

وَلَكُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ مُسْتَقَرٌّ وَمَتَاعٌ إِلَىٰ حِينٍ ﴿٣٧﴾

Al-Baqarah: 37

16) Name the verse on every soul tasting death:

A:

كُلُّ نَفْسٍ ذَائِقَةُ الْمَوْتِ ۗ ثُمَّ إِلَيْنَا تُرْجَعُونَ ﴿٥٨﴾

Al-Ankabut: 58

17) Name the verse on being reverted to a weak condition in old age:

A:

وَمَنْ تَعَمَّرَهُ نَكَّسَهُ فِي الْخَلْقِ

Yasin: 69

18) Name the verse stating that man is first weak, then becomes strong, then returns to weakness and old age:

A:

اللَّهُ الَّذِي خَلَقَكُمْ مِنْ ضَعْفٍ ثُمَّ جَعَلَ مِنْ بَعْدِ ضَعْفٍ قُوَّةً ثُمَّ جَعَلَ مِنْ بَعْدِ قُوَّةٍ ضَعْفًا وَشَيْبَةً

Ar-Rum:55

19) Name the verse comparing this life to water from the clouds:

A:

إِنَّمَا مَثَلُ الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا كَمَاءٍ أَنْزَلْنَاهُ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ فَاخْتَلَطَ بِهِ نَبَاتُ الْأَرْضِ مِمَّا يَأْكُلُ النَّاسُ وَالْأَنْعَامُ

Yunus: 25

20) Name the verses on the creation and death of man:

A:

وَلَقَدْ خَلَقْنَا الْإِنْسَانَ مِنْ سُلَالَةٍ مِنْ طِينٍ ﴿١٣﴾ ثُمَّ جَعَلْنَاهُ نُطْفَةً فِي قَرَارٍ مَكِينٍ ﴿١٤﴾ ثُمَّ خَلَقْنَا النَّطْفَةَ عَلَقَةً فَخَلَقْنَا الْعَلَقَةَ مُضْغَةً فَخَلَقْنَا الْمُضْغَةَ عِظْمًا فَكَسَوْنَا الْعِظْمَ لَحْمًا ★ ثُمَّ أَنْشَأْنَاهُ خَلْقًا آخَرَ فَتَبَارَكَ اللَّهُ أَحْسَنُ الْخَالِقِينَ ﴿١٥﴾ ثُمَّ إِنَّكُمْ بَعْدَ ذَلِكَ لَمَيِّتُونَ ﴿١٦﴾

Mu'minun: 13-16

21) Name the verse stating that Allah the Almighty created, then provides, then will cause to die, then bring to life:

A:

اللَّهُ الَّذِي خَلَقَكُمْ ثُمَّ رَزَقَكُمْ ثُمَّ يُمِيتُكُمْ ثُمَّ يُحْيِيكُمْ

Ar-Rum: 41

22) Name the verse stating that all on earth will pass away:

A:

كُلُّ مَنْ عَلَيْهَا فَانٍ ﴿٢٧﴾ وَيَبْقَىٰ وَجْهَ رَبِّكَ ذُو الْجَلَالِ وَالْإِكْرَامِ ﴿٢٨﴾

Ar-Rahman: 27-28

23) Name the verse on death overtaking one wherever one may be:

A:

إِنَّ مَا تَكُونُوا يَدْرِكُكُمُ الْمَوْتُ وَلَوْ كُنْتُمْ فِي بُرُوجٍ مُّشِيدَةٍ

An-Nisa: 79

24) Name the verse stating that you will live in it, die in it, and be brought forth from it:

A:

قَالَ فِيهَا تَحْيَوْنَ وَفِيهَا تَمُوتُونَ وَمِنْهَا تُخْرَجُونَ ﴿٢٦٠﴾

Al-A'raf: 26

25) Name the verse on the request of the idolaters that the Holy Prophet (sa) ascend to heaven and his response:

A:

أَوْ تَرَفَّىٰ فِي السَّمَاءِ ۗ وَلَنْ نُؤْمِنَ لِرُقِيِّكَ حَتَّىٰ تُنَزَّلَ عَلَيْنَا كِتَابًا نَقْرُؤُهُ ۗ قُلْ سُبْحَانَ رَبِّيَ ۗ بَلْ كُنْتُ إِلَّا بَشَرًا رَّسُولًا ﴿٩٤٠﴾

Bani Israel: 94

All verses above explained: The Quran states that everyone is created weak, then reaches their pinnacle before reverting to weakness. Then they will return to their Lord.

The non-Ahmadi belief of Hazrat Isa^{as} goes against all the above verses.

The meaning of Raza:

26) Name the verses on souls at peace returning to Allah the Almighty:

A:

يَأْتِيهَا النَّفْسُ الْمُطْمَئِنَّةُ ﴿٢٨﴾ ارْجِعْ إِلَىٰ رَبِّكَ رَاضِيَةً مَّرْضِيَّةً ﴿٢٩﴾ فَادْخُلِي فِي عِبْدِي ﴿٣٠﴾ وَادْخُلِي جَنَّاتٍ ﴿٣١﴾

Al-Fajr. 28-31

27) Name the verse on where the righteous will be after they pass away:

A:

إِنَّ الْمُتَّقِينَ فِي جَنَّاتٍ وَنَهْرٍ ﴿٥٥﴾ فِي مَقْعَدٍ صِدْقٍ عِنْدَ مَلِيكٍ مُّقْتَدِرٍ ﴿٥٦﴾

Al-Qamar. 55-56

28) Name the verse on the disbelievers not entering Heaven until a camel goes through a needle:

A:

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا وَاسْتَكْبَرُوا عَنْهَا لَا تُفْتَحُ لَهُمْ أَبْوَابُ السَّمَاءِ وَلَا يَدْخُلُونَ الْجَنَّةَ حَتَّىٰ يَلِجَ الْجَمَلُ فِي سَمِّ الْخِيَاطِ ۗ وَكَذَٰلِكَ نَجْزِي الْمُجْرِمِينَ ﴿٤١﴾

Al-A'raf. 41

29) Name the verse on the gates of the Gardens of Eternity being open the believers:

A:

جَنَّاتٍ عِدْنٍ مُّفْتَحَةٍ لَّهُمُ الْبَابُ ﴿٥١﴾

Saad. 51

30) Name the verse on the ascension of good works:

A:

إِلَيْهِ يَصْعَدُ الْكَلِمُ الطَّيِّبُ وَالْعَمَلُ الصَّالِحُ يَرْفَعُهُ

Fatir. 11

All verses above explained: The difference in the meaning of rafa' is explained as this word being properly defined is a root cause of debate between non-Ahmadis and Ahmadis.

Other:

31) What do we know as the meaning of "Tawaffa"?

A: Death

32) What meaning do Non-Ahmadis give to "Tawaffa"?

A: To be raised up physically

33) What are the conditions that "Tawaffa" must mean for it to mean death?

A: Verbal form Tafa'ul, Allah the Almighty or His angels the subject, and a human being is the object.

34) How many times in the Quran has "Tawaffa" been used to mean death?

A: 24 times.

35) What does the word "Rafa'" mean?

A: When Allah the Almighty is the subject and a human being is the object, it always means spiritual exaltation.

36) Mention the hadith which states what would happen had Jesus and Moses been alive:

A: "If Jesus and Moses had been alive, they would have had no choice but to follow me." (Kathir vol II, p 245 and al yawaqit wal Jawahir, part 2, page 24).

37) Mention the hadith which states how long Jesus lived:

A: "Jesus son of Mary lived for 120 years, and I see myself as only entering upon the beginning of the sixties." (Kanz al Ummal, part 6, p.120).

38) Mention the argument of the incident of Mi'raj:

A: In Bukhari, it is reported that in the spiritual event known as the miraj, the Holy Prophet(saw) saw Hazrat Yahya(as) and Hazrat Jesus(as) in the second heaven. If Hazrat Yahya(as) is dead, then Hazrat Jesus(as) is dead, for the dead do not keep company with the living.

39) Mention the incident between the companions after the demise of the Holy Prophet (sa):

A: In Bukhari, it is recorded that after the death of Hazrat Muhammad(saw), some of the companions, among them Hazrat Umar ibn al-Khattab(ra), doubted he was really dead. However, Hazrat Abu Bakr(ra), ascended to the pulpit in the Mosque and recited the Quranic verse: Muhammad is only a Messenger. All Messengers before him have passed away. If he dies, or is killed, will you then turn upon your heels? (3:145) After the short speech and recitation of this verse, the companions realized that indeed, the Holy Prophet Muhammad(saw) had passed away. No one objected that Hazrat Jesus(as) or any other prophet had not died. Everyone accepted and confirmed the death of all previous prophets. This was the first Ijma' or consensus of the Muslim community.

40) What did the family of the Holy Prophet (sa) say about the death of Hazrat Isa^{as}?

A: The family of the Holy Prophet Muhammad(saw) were also agreed on the death of Hazrat Jesus(as). Imam Hasan (ra), recounting the events relating to the death of Hazrat Ali (ra), stated, "he (Ali) died during the 27th night of the month of Ramadan, the same night that the spirit of Jesus was raised to heaven." (Tabaqat Ibn Sa'ad, vol III Page 26).

41) What is the appearance of Hazrat Isa^{as} as described by the Holy Prophet (sa)?

A: Jesus was of red complexion, curly hair and a broad chest.

42) What is the appearance of the Promised Messiah as as described by the Holy Prophet (sa)?

A: I saw in my dream a man of brown color the best one can see amongst brown color and his hair was long that it fell between his shoulders.

43) What is the hadith which states that all alive at the time would not be alive in 100 years?

A:

مَا مِنْ نَفْسٍ مَّنْفُوسَةٍ تَبْلُغُ مِائَةَ سَنَةٍ

None amongst the created beings would survive after one hundred years.

44) Mention the incident of the people of Najran:

A: "When a delegation of sixty men from the (Christian) people of Najran came to the Holy Prophet, their chief priest discussed with him the status of Jesus and asked him as to who Jesus' father was. The Holy Prophet said: 'Do you not know that a son resembles his father?' They replied: 'Yes'. He said: A lastum ta'lamuna anna rabbana la yamutu wa anna Isa ata 'alaihi-l-fana', i.e., Do you not know that our Lord lives for ever while Jesus perished."

(Asbab an-nuzul, by Imam Abu-l-Hasan Ali ibn Ahmad al-Wahidi of Neshapur, published in Egypt, p. 3)

Finality of Prophethood:

45) Which Quranic verse shows what the opponents thought about Allah the Almighty raising Prophets?

A:

وَأَنَّهُمْ ظَنُّوا كَمَا ظَنَنْتُمْ أَن لَّنْ يَبْعَثَ اللَّهُ أَحَدًا ﴿٨﴾

Chapter 72 verse 8

Explanation: Opponents thought Allah the Almighty would not raise a prophet but he did.

46) Name another Quran verse which shows what the opponents thought about Allah the Almighty raising Prophets:

A:

وَلَقَدْ جَاءَكُمْ يُوسُفُ مِنْ قَبْلُ بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ فَمَا زِلْتُمْ فِي شَكٍّ مِّمَّا جَاءَكُمْ بِهِ حَتَّىٰ إِذَا بَلَكَ قُلُوبُ لَنَّا يَبْعَثَ اللَّهُ مِنْ بَعْدِهِ رَسُولًا كَذَلِكَ يُضِلُّ اللَّهُ مَن يُوَسِّرُ مِرَّتَابُ ﴿٣٥﴾

Chapter 40 verse 35

47) What is the verse which mentions the Sunnah of Allah the Almighty of sending Messengers?

A:

اللَّهُ يَصْطَفِي مِنَ الْمَلَائِكَةِ رُسُلًا وَمِنَ النَّاسِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ سَمِيعٌ بَصِيرٌ ﴿٧٦﴾

Chapter 22, verse 76

Explanation: The attributes of Allah the Almighty do not finish, so why would he randomly stop sending reformers when the world requires it?

48) Which Hadith states that the Messiah would be from among us?

A:

كَيْفَ أَنْتُمْ إِذَا نَزَلَ ابْنُ مَرْيَمَ فِيكُمْ وَإِمَامُكُمْ مِنْكُمْ

Narrated Abu Huraira: Allah the Almighty's Messenger (ﷺ) said "How will you be when the son of Mary descends amongst you and is your imam among you."
(Sahih Bukhari, Volume 4, Book 55, Hadith #658)

49) Which verse states that false claimants will be destroyed?

A:

وَلَوْ تَقَوَّلَ عَلَيْنَا بَعْضَ الْأَقَاوِيلِ ﴿٤٥﴾ لَأَخَذْنَا مِنْهُ بِالْيَمِينِ ﴿٤٦﴾ ثُمَّ لَقَطَعْنَا مِنْهُ الْوَتِينَ ﴿٤٧﴾
فَمَا مِنْكُمْ مِنْ أَحَدٍ عَنْهُ حَاجِزِينَ ﴿٤٨﴾

Chapter 69, verse 45-48

Explanation: Had Hazrat Mirza Ghulam Ahmad^{as} been a false claimant he would have been destroyed too.

50) Which verse mentions Prophets coming in the Ummah?

A:

يُنَبِّئُ آدَمَ إِمَّا يَأْتِيَنَّكُمْ رُسُلٌ مِنْكُمْ يَفُصِّحُونَ عَلَيْكُمْ آيَاتٍ ۖ فَمَنْ اتَّقَىٰ وَأَصْلَحَ فَلَا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُونَ ﴿٣٦﴾

Chapter 7, verse 36

SECTION F: THEME OF THE YEAR

ATFAL
QUIZ TIME

1) How many names of Allah are mentioned in a Hadith by the Holy Prophet^{sa}?

A: 99 names

2) What is the term for the attributes of Allah?

A: Asma-ul-Husnaa

3) What is the meaning of Al-Muhaimin?

A: The Protector

4) What is the meaning of Al-Baseer?

A: The All-Seeing

5) What is the meaning of Al-'Aliyy?

A: The High

6) What is the meaning of Al-'Aziz?

A: The Great

7) What is the Arabic of the All-Powerful?

A: Al-Qaadir

8) What is the meaning of Al-Waliyy?

A: The Friend

9) What is the meaning of Al-Ghafur?

A: The Most Forgiving

10) What is the meaning of Al-Khaaliq?

A: The Creator

11) What is the meaning of As-Salam?

A: The Source of Peace

12) What is the meaning of Al-Mu'min?

A: The Bestower of Security

13) What is the meaning of Al-Haqq?

A: The True

14) What is the Arabic of the Healer?

A: Al-Shaafi

15) What is the meaning of At-Tawwaab?

A: The Acceptor of Repentance

16) What is the meaning of Al-Hakeem?

A: The Perfectly Wise

17) What is the meaning of Ash-Shaheed?

A: The Witness

18) What is the meaning of Haadin?

A: The Guide

19) What is the Arabic of the Fashioner?

A: Al-Musawwir

20) What is the meaning of Al-Kareem?

A: The Noble

21) What is the meaning of Al-Haseeb?

A: The Reckoner

22) What is the meaning of Ash-Shakur?

A: The Most Appreciating

23) What is the meaning of Al-Mudhil?

A: The Humiliator

24) What is the Arabic of the Possessor of All Strength?

A: Al-Qawee

25) What is the meaning of Ar-Raafi'?

A: The Exalter

26) What is the Arabic of The Helper?

A: Al-Naseer

27) What is the Arabic of The Guardian?

A: Al-Haafiz

28) What is the meaning of Al-Muhyee?

A: The Giver of Life

29) What is the meaning of Al-Hamid?

A: The Praised One

30) What is the meaning of Al-Jaleel?

A: The Lord of Majesty

31) What is the Arabic of the Perfectly Wise?

A: Al-Hakam

32) What is the meaning of Al-Mujeeb?

A: The Responder to Prayer

33) What is the meaning of Al-Wadood?

A: The Loving One

34) What is the meaning of Al-Mubdee?

A: The Originator/Beginner

35) What is the Arabic of 'the Strong'?

A: Al-Mateen

36) What is the meaning of Al-Wakeel?

A: The Trustee

37) What is the meaning of Al-Majeed?

A: The Glorious

38) What is the meaning of Al-Mumeet?

A: The Taker of Life

39) What is the meaning of Al-Awwal?

A: The First

40) What is the Arabic of the One?

A: *Al-Waahid*

41) What is the meaning of Al-Qayyum?

A: *The Self Existing One*

42) What is the Arabic of the Watcher?

A: *Ar-Raaqib*

43) What is the meaning of Al-Baatin?

A: *The Hidden/ Revealer of the Hidden*

44) What is the meaning of Al-Aakhir?

A: *The Last*

45) What is the meaning of Al-Muqtadir?

A: *The Omnipotent*

46) What is the Arabic of the Ever Living One?

A: *Al-Hayy*

47) What 2 words is the word 'Allah' made up of?

A: *'Al' = The & 'ilaah' = God → The God*

48) Who said the phrase "Our paradise lies in our God?"

A: *The Promised Messiah (as)*

49) Refute the argument that Allah doesn't exist because we can't see him?

A:

1. Many real things cannot be seen but we know they exist (e.g., air, gravity, electricity).
2. We know something exists through its effects and signs, not only by seeing it.
3. Allah the Almighty is beyond human sight, but His creation and signs prove His existence.

50) How can the Universe be used to prove God's existence?

A:

1. The Universe shows perfect order and design, which indicates a Creator.
2. The precise laws of nature and balance cannot exist without intelligence behind them.
3. The existence of the Universe itself points to a First Cause – Allah the Almighty.